



Monthly independent lab testing results for disinfection by-products (DBPs) in NTMWD water transmission system
sampling locations represent a cross-section of average water ages in the NTMWD transmission system

(TTHM)	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22**		Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Average	MCL*
South System near Plano	21 ppb	23 ppb	61 ppb	59 ppb	34 ppb	37 ppb	37 ppb	35 ppb	80 ppb annual avg
East System near Royse City	20 ppb	24 ppb	65 ppb	44 ppb	34 ppb	48 ppb	51 ppb	39 ppb	80 ppb annual avg
South System near Forney	19 ppb	23 ppb	50 ppb	112 ppb	44 ppb	37 ppb	37 ppb	40 ppb	80 ppb annual avg
(HAA5)									
South System near Plano	18 ppb	13 ppb	26 ppb	27 ppb	25 ppb	22 ppb	23 ppb	21 ppb	60 ppb annual avg
East System near Royse City	14 ppb	11 ppb	27 ppb	24 ppb	19 ppb	23 ppb	23 ppb	19 ppb	60 ppb annual avg
South System near Forney	10 ppb	9 ppb	23 ppb	43 ppb	33 ppb	24 ppb	19 ppb	21 ppb	60 ppb annual avg

* Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water.

**NTMWD routinely samples on a monthly basis near the 3rd week. For March 2022, an additional sample is taken at the beginning of the month to provide initial data during the annual maintenance period. An average of the two samples collected in March is used to calculate the Average to Date for each sampling location.

ppb = Micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water

"There may be an increase in the level of disinfection by-products being formed during this short time. Health concerns related to disinfection by-product formation are based on prolonged exposure, and the conversions typically only last two to four weeks at a time. Limited scientific studies following shorter-term exposure to disinfection byproducts have been published that did not find any association between exposure and dermatitis (skin rashes)."

– TCEQ Facts about Drinking Water Disinfection and the Free Chlorine Conversion Process

"Disinfection byproducts at the concentrations in drinking water would not be expected to cause adverse health effects. The EPA regulates disinfection byproducts such as Trihalomethanes to concentrations sufficiently low so they will not cause health effects." – Scott Phillips, MD, Medical Toxicologist.